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SOUTH AFRICAN HERITAGE RESOURCES AGENCY

111 HARRINGTON STREET, CAPE TOWN, 8000 PO BOX 4637, CAPE TOWN, 8000 TEL: (021) 462 4502 FAX: (021) 462 4509

DATE: ENQUIRIES:

17 March 2010

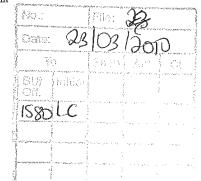
Mr Phillip Hine Archaeology, Palaeontology and Meteorite Unit

E-mail: ajerardino@sahra.org.za Web site: www.sahra.org.za

YOUR REF: 12/12/20/1789 OUR REF: 9/2/271/0001

Aurecon Group P.O. Box 494 Cape Town 8000

Dear Sir/ Madam,



PROPOSED BRINE AND GROUNDWATER TREATMENT WORKS AT YOU ARE BEING WATCHED PHILLIP TUTUKA POWER STATION, MPUMALANGA.

Thank you for your indication that development is to take place in this area.

In terms of the National Heritage Resources Act, no 25 of 1999, heritage resources, including archaeological or palaeontological sites over 100 years old, graves older than 60 years, structures older than 60 years are protected. They may not be disturbed without a permit from the relevant heritage resources authority. This means that before such sites are disturbed by development it is incumbent on the developer (or mine) to ensure that a **Heritage Impact Assessment** is done. This must include the archaeological component (Phase 1) and any other applicable heritage components. Appropriate (Phase 2) mitigation, which involves recording, sampling and dating sites that are to be destroyed, must be done as required.

In your application received by SAHRA there was no indication of an assessment of the archaeological resources. The quickest process to follow for the archaeological component is to contract an accredited specialist (see www.asapa.org.za for CRM practitioners) to provide a Phase 1 Archaeological Impact Assessment Report. This must be done before any large development takes place.

The Phase 1 Impact Assessment Report will identify the archaeological sites and assess their significance. It should also make recommendations (as indicated in section 38) about the process to be followed. For example, there may need to be a mitigation phase (Phase 2) where the specialist will collect or excavate material and date the site. At the end of the process the heritage authority may give permission for destruction of the sites.

Where bedrock is to be affected, or where there are coastal sediments, or marine or river terraces and in potentially fossiliferous superficial deposits, a Palaeontological Desk Top study must be undertaken to assess whether or not the development will impact upon palaeontological resources - or at least a letter of exemption from a Palaeontologist is needed to indicate that this is unnecessary. If the area is deemed sensitive, a full Phase 1 Palaeontological Impact Assessment will be required and if necessary a Phase 2 rescue operation might be necessary. (See attached list of accredited Palaeontologists).

If the property is very small or disturbed and there is no significant site the specialist may choose to send a letter to the heritage authority to indicate that there is no necessity for any further assessment.

Any other heritage resources that may be impacted such as built structures over 60 years old, sites of cultural significance associated with oral histories, burial grounds and graves, graves of victims of conflict, and cultural landscapes or viewscapes must also be assessed.

Attached please find a list of accredited archaeological and palaeontological specialists who may be contacted to undertake the necessary archaeological or palaeontological impact assessments.

Yours sincerely

PP Mary Leslie

SAHRA: Archaeology, Palaeontology and Meteorite Unit

For: CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Copy: SAHRA Limpopo Office Copy: PHRA Limpopo Office

Appendices: see www.asapa.org.za for list of CRM archaeologists.

List of accredited Palaeontologists and Mining Pamphlet

List of Professional Palaeontologist in SA (alphabetical)

July 2008

Dr John E. Almond

Natura Viva cc. P.O. Box 12410, Mill Street, Cape Town 8010

Tel: 021 - 462 3622 Fax: 021-462 3622

email: naturaviva@universe.co.za

Institute: Natura Viva cc. Natural History Education, Tourism & Research

Research speciality: Precambrian / Palaeozoic palaeontology

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Dr Marion Bamford

BPI Palaeontology, School of Geosciences, University of the Witwatersrand

P.Bag 3, WITS 2050 Johannesburg

Tel: 011 717 6690 Fax: 011 403 1423 Cell: 084 327 2997

E-mail: bamfordm@geosciences.wits.ac.za

Research speciality: Palaeobotany, fossil woods, all ages.

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Dr Lee Berger

Palaeoanthropology Unit for Research and Exploration; BPI Palaeontology, University of the Witwatersrand, P Bag 3, WITS 2050, Johannesburg

Tel: (011) 717-6664 Fax: (011) 339-7202

email: 106lrb@cosmos.wits.ac.za

Research speciality: Southern African Plio-Pleistocene fossils, hominids and taphonomy

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Dr Jennifer Botha

National Museum, Karoo Palaeontology, P. O. Box 266, Bloemfontein, 9300

Tel: 051-447 9609 Cell: 082 403 0604 Fax: 051-447 6273

email: jbotha@nasmus.co.za

Research speciality: Karoo Therapsids, particularly Early Triassic fauna

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Mr. James S. Brink

Florisbad Quaternary Research, National Museum, P.O. Box 266, Bloemfontein, 9300

Tel: (051) 447-9609 or 072-257-1717

Fax: (051) 447-6273 email: jbrink@nasmus.co.za

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Dr Billy de Klerk

Curator: Earth Sciences, Albany Museum, Somerset Street, Grahamstown 6139

Tel: (046) 622-2312 Fax: (046) 622-2398 Cell: 084-582-6072

email: b.deKlerk@ru.ac.za

Research speciality. Vertebrate palaeontology - Cretaceous dinosaurs and Permo-Triassic

Karoo reptiles. General geology - igneous petrology, sedimentology.

Dr Francois Durand

PO Box 31517, Totiusdal, 0134

Tel: (012) 333-6078 Fax: (012) 333-6078 email: skarab@icon.co.za

Institute: University of Johannesburg (old RAU)

Area of research speciality: Karoo vertebrates: synapsids, dinosaurs, geotourism.

Mr Robert W. Gess

P.O. Box 40, Bathurst, 6166

Tel: (046) 625-0009 Cell: 082-634-2149

email: robg@imaginet.co.za

Institute: GEODATEC / Albany Museum

Area of research: Cape Supergroup - fossil plants, vertebrates (fishes) and

invertebrates. General palaeontology.

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Dr G.H. Groenewald

Metsi Mesteng Geological Services cc

Private Bag X62, Suite 91, Bethlehem, 9700

Tel: 0828294978 Fax: 058 3038412

email: Gideonppf@bhm.dorea.co.za

Institute BPI WITS. Snr lecturer University of the North.

Area of research speciality. Tourism, Karoo Geology and Palaeontology. Registered Pr Sci Nat, Professional Insurance, Permit to collect fossils, Registered to do

complete Environmental Impact Assessments in SA, Registered companies in South Africa, Lesotho and Nigeria, Comply with capacity building (RPD) due to company

association with University of the North

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Dr P. J. Hancox (John)

General Manager - Africa and Australasia

Caracle Creek International Consulting Inc. (CCIC)

Geological Consultants - Project Management

www.cciconline.com

Cell: - 27-(0)83-488-1066 Fax: - 27 11 447 4814

Email: <u>ihancox@cciconline.com</u>

Research speciality: Permo-Jurassic aged Karoo sedimentary strata and their included fossils. Plio-Pleistocene fans (Mpumalanga), donga fills (Free State), rivers (Free State)

and caves (Gauteng), and their included

fossils.

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Dr Herbert C. Klinger BSc BSc Honns MSc Dr rer nat , FGS (London), FGS (S Afr.) FGS (USA)

South African Museum, P.O. Box 61, Cape Town 8000

Tel: 021-4243330 Fax: 021-4246716

e-mail: hklinger@iziko.org.za

Institute: SouthAfrican Museum, Iziko, Museums of Cape Town

Research: Invertebrate palaeontology, especially Cretaceous ammonoidea and bivalvia

and biostratigraphy.

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Dr Thalassa Mathews

Institution: University of Cape Town (UCT)
Qualification: MA (currently completing PhD)

Tel\Fax: (021) 789 2814 email: thalassa@beattie.uct.ac.za

Speciality: Tertiary and Quaternary small mammals

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Dr Johann Neveling

Council for Geoscience, Private Bag X112, Pretoria, 0001

Tel: 012 841 1388 Fax: 012 841 1401

Cell: 082 929 8314

email: jneveling@geoscience.org.za

Research speciality: Karoo stratigraphy and sedimentology

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Dr Rose Prevec

Dept of Earth Sciences, Albany Museum, Somerset Street, Grahamstown 6139

Tel: (046) 622-2312 Fax: (046) 622-2398 Cell: 083-354-7972

email: rose.adendorff@ru.ac.za Research speciality. Palaeobotany.

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Dr Mike Raath

BPI Palaeontology, University of the Witwatersrand, P Bag 3, WITS 2050, Johannesburg

Tel: (011) 717-6683 Fax: (011) 403-1423

email: 106mar@cosmos.wits.ac.za

Research speciality: Triassic- Jurassic Karoo deposits and associated fauna, particularly

dinosaurs.

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Dr Dave Roberts

Tel: (021) 948 4754 Fax: (021) 948 8788 email: dave@geobell.org.za

Area of research speciality: Tertiary and Quaternary mammalian trackways; marine &

terrestrial molluscs (Western Cape).

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Mr Lloyd Rossouw

National Museum, PO Box 266, Bloemfontein 9300

Tel: 051 4479609 Cell: 082-507-7764 Fax: 051 4476273

email: lloyd@nasmus.co.za

Research speciality: Quaternary mammal palaeontology; phytolith analysis

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Professor Bruce Rubidge

Bernard Price Institute for Palaeontological Research, University of Witwatersrand, PO

Wits 2050

Tel: 011 717 6685 Cell: 072-575-7752 Fax: 011 4031423

email: rubidgeb@geosciences.wits.ac.za

Research speciality: Karoo vertebrate faunas (particularly therpasids), sedimentology,

stratigraphy and basin analysis.

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Professor Louis Scott

Department of Plant Sciences, University of the Free State, PO Box 339, Zastron Street,

Bloemfontein, 9300, South Africa Tel: (051) 4012594

Fax: (051) 4488772

email: scottl@sci.uovs.ac.za

Institute: University of the Free State..

Area of research speciality: Fossil pollen analysis (palynology).

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Dr Roger M.H. Smith

Iziko South African Museum, PO Box 61 Cape Town 8000

Tel: 021 481 3879 Cell: 082 723 2804 Fax: 021 481 3993 email: rsmith@iziko.org.za

Research speciality: Field based studies of Karoo vertebrate fossils (including trackways)

and their sedimentary environments(mainly the Beaufort Group of Western Cape, Northern Cape and southern Free State). Excavating and researching Cenozoic

vertebrate fossil occurrences on the West Coast at Langebaanweg.

Excavating and researching Cretaceous crater lake deposits of the Northern Cape.

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Ms Christine Steininger

Institute for Human Evolution, BPI for Palaeontological Research, University of the Witwatersrand

PO Box 413477, Craighall 2024

Cell: 083-679-0686 Fax: 011 447 6548

email: steinic@science.pg.wits.ac.za

Research speciality: Dietary and Environmental Reconstruction of the Plio-Pleistocene.

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Dr J. Francis Thackeray

Transvaal Museum, P.O. Box 413, Pretoria. 0001

Tel: 012 322 7632 Cell: 083-414-3772 Fax: 012 322 7939 email: thack@nfi.co.za

Research speciality: Plio-Pleistocene fossils and associated palaeontological deposits.

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ACTING REGIONAL HEAD: GAUTENG

Bothongo Plaza East, 285 Schoeman Street, Pretoria

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(012) 392-1359

Dr P. Meulenbeld

e-mail:

meulenbeldp@dwa.gov.za

PRETORIA

(012) 392-1371

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16/2/7/C114/B045

Mrs. Louise Corbett Environmental Services: Aurecon 81 Church Street Cape Town 8000

Fax: 086 667 3532

Dear Mrs. Corbett

COMMENTS ON THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT PROCESS: PROPOSED BRINE AND GROUNDWATER TREATMENT WORKS AT TUTUKA POWER STATION, MPUMALANGA

Reference is made to the above-mentioned application.

The project will be subjected to various water use licensing (Pages 16, 17) under the National Water Act, 1998 (Act No. 36 of 1998) pertaining to groundwater abstraction and use in the power station (Section 21a), pipeline crossings over watercourses (Sections 21c&i), potential discharge of cleaned water Into streams (Sections 21f&i), etc.

The groundwater component (Pages 35, 42) of the project needs to consider a thorough geophysical survey (including CVES) so that paleaochannels, dolerite dykes and sills, areas of deeper weathering, etc. can be appropriately determined. This will influence the placing of boreholes and assist in pollution plume mapping. Chemical analysis of the borehole water shall include a full spectrum of heavy metal analysis, including Cr⁸⁺ as it is a product of the milling process. The adequate disposal/treatment of heavy metals shall be discussed in detail.

The water quality of the surface dam adjacent to the north of the ash dams will be determined and the potential existence of any pollution plume in that area. As the ash dam is covering a natural stream, the pollution load into this covered stream shall also be determined through geophysical techniques and might require a specific drilling program into this feature as its geohydrological characteristics are different from the surrounding environment.

A hydrocensus of a 2km radius is required to provide information on groundwater users, background water qualities and quantities and the impact of a drawdown in water levels.

Clarity to be provided about the end-use of the treated groundwater.

If there are any queries, please contact Dr. P. Meulenbeld.

Yours faithfully

ACTING REGIONAL HEAD

DATE

2010/4/1