

### RESEARCH, TESTING AND DEVELOPMENT

#### SUSTAINABILITY DEPARTMENT

#### **EZAMOKUHLE-1 AIR QUALITY MONTHLY REPORT**

#### **JULY 2017**

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This monthly report covers the ambient air quality data as monitored at Ezamokuhle-1 monitoring site in July 2017.

There was one exceedance of  $SO_2$  10-min average limit of 191ppb, five exceedances of  $PM_{2.5}$  daily limit of 40  $\mu g/m^3$ , thirteen exceedances of  $O_3$  8-hourly limit of 61ppb and no exceedances of other national ambient air quality limits recorded for other parameters monitored at Ezamokuhle-1 during the July 2017 monitoring period. There is already non-compliance with the  $PM_{2.5}$  and 8-hourly ozone ambient limit at this site for 2017.

Ambient  $SO_2$ ,  $NO_2$  and  $PM_{10}$  concentrations at Ezamokuhle-1 monitoring site are influenced by combination of both low level and tall stack sources and ambient  $PM_{2.5}$  concentrations are influenced by low level sources, as depicted in the diurnal variation graphs.

The dominant wind directions during the day time were west-south-west, west and west-north-west. During the night, the most frequent directions were west-south-west, west and west-north-west.

The overall percentage data recovered from the monitoring station was 93.6% and the overall station availability was 92.6%. The data losses for July were due to frequent power interruptions due to incoming power and zero/span checks during routine site servicing.

#### **DISCLAIMER**

It is certified that the data presented is, to the best of our knowledge, a true copy of the specified record and for the times and places indicated thereon, as held on file at Research, Testing and Innovation Department (R,T&D). The user assumes the entire risk related to the use of this data. In no event will R,T&D be liable to the user or to any third party for any direct, indirect, incidental, consequential, special or exemplary damages or profit resulting from any use or misuse of this data.

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The monitoring site was established as part of a greater air quality offset pilot study. The objective of the pilot study is to test the effectiveness of the most promising household emission offset interventions identified during Eskom's pre-feasibility study. This includes identifying the possible improvement in ambient air quality resulting from emission reductions at a household level. Data measured at Ezamokuhle Township (Amersfoort) will represent baseline and post intervention implementation ambient air quality. Ambient monitoring results measured are presented in this report and are compared to the National Ambient Air Quality Standards.

The Ezamokuhle-1 monitoring site is equipped to continuously monitor ambient concentrations of sulphur dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, ozone and fine particulate matter of particulate size <10 $\mu$ m and 2.5 $\mu$ m in diameter (PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>). In addition, meteorological parameters of wind velocity, wind direction, ambient temperature, humidity, rainfall and solar radiation are also recorded.

Standard Specifications, Equipment/Techniques used for the measurement of SO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub> and NOx conform to US-EPA equivalent method No EQSA-0486-060, EQOA-0880-047 and RFNA-1289-074 respectively.

### 2. SITE LOCATION

The Ezamokuhle-1 monitoring site is located ±13.7km north-north-east of Majuba power station (Figure 1). It is situated centrally in Ezamokuhle Township, at Hlelimfundo High School at coordinates -26.997571, 29.850086. The monitoring site's main objective is to determine the background concentrations of pollutants measured at the site for Offsets intervention project.

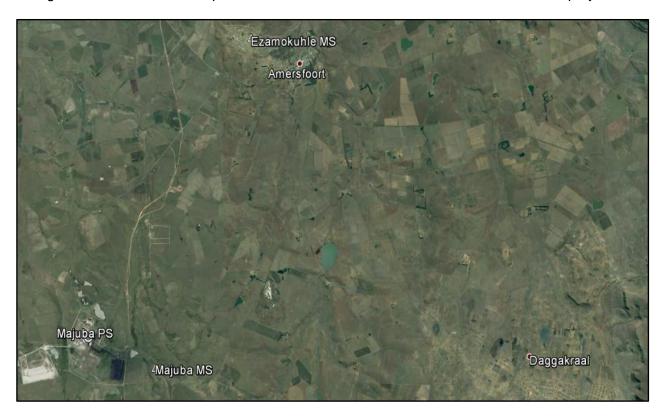


Figure 1: Ezamokuhle-1 air quality monitoring site (Amersfoort) in relation to Majuba power station

### 3. DATA RECOVERY

The South African National Accreditation System (SANAS) guideline figure of 90% data availability per parameter monitored is used as a standard for representative data capture. This describes the required completeness of data set for the reporting of averages and is based on standard arithmetic calculations. The completeness calculations for data sets exclude zero and span data and times where service and/or maintenance is being conducted on the instruments in question.

Availability is a management definition related to system reliability. The availability target is not set in terms of data quality criteria and has no associated quality objectives. A target of 100% availability has been set for performance evaluation. Availability is reported as a measure of the percentage of time that electrical power was available to the monitoring station.

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Table 1 shows the percentage data recovered, for each parameter monitored, during the reporting period.

Table 1: Percentage data recovered per parameter for July 2017

NO <sub>1</sub>	NO <sub>2</sub>	NO <sub>X</sub>	<b>O</b> <sub>3</sub>	PRS	RAD	RFL	SGT	SO <sub>2</sub>	ТМР	WDR	WSP	WVL	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub>	ним	Data Rec	Station Avail
91.9	91.9	91.9	92.2	94.9	94.9	94.9	94.9	92.2	94.9	94.9	94.9	94.9	92.6	92.6	94.9	93.6	92.6

The overall percentage data recovered from the monitoring station during the period was 93.6% and the overall monitoring station availability was 92.6%.

### 4. SUMMARY OF RESULTS FOR REPORTED PERIOD

Table 3 is a summary report presenting highest mean concentrations and the number of exceedances above the respective National Ambient Air Quality Standards limits as presented in Table 2.

Note: PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> are monitored, using Beta gauge (Beta-attenuation using a C-14 source).

Table 2: National Ambient Air Quality Standards.

Pollutant	Unit	Period	Limit	Number of annual exceedances allowed	Source
Carbon Monoxide	ppm	1hr	26	88	DEA
Carbon Monoxide	ppm	8hr	8.7	11	DEA
(PM- <sub>10</sub> ) by Beta gauge	µg/m³	24hr	75	4	DEA
(PM- <sub>10</sub> ) by Beta gauge	µg/m³	1year	40	0	DEA
(PM- <sub>2.5</sub> ) by Beta gauge	µg/m³	24hr	40	4	DEA
(PM- <sub>2.5</sub> ) by Beta gauge	µg/m³	1year	20	0	DEA
Nitrogen dioxide	ppb	1year	21	0	DEA
Nitrogen dioxide	ppb	1hr	106	88	DEA
Ozone	ppb	8hr	61	11.	DEA
Sulphur dioxide	ppb	1hr	134	88	DEA
Sulphur dioxide	ppb	10min	191	526	DEA
Sulphur dioxide	ppb	24hr	48	4	DEA
Sulphur dioxide	ppb	1year	19	0	DEA

Table 3: Summary report of parameters monitored at Ezamokuhle-1 in July 2017

Pollutant	Highest Hourly Mean	No of Hourly National Limit Exceedances	Highest Daily Mean	No of Daily National Limit Exceedances	No of 8hr Moving Average Limit	Highest 10min Mean	No of 10min National Limit Exceedances
FPM (PM-2.5) by Beta gauge [ug/m^3]	286.1		49.3	5		379.2	
FPM (PM-10) by Beta gauge [ug/m^3]	216.6		33.7	0		478.4	
Nitric oxide [ppb]	26.		4.2			42.7	
Nitrogen dioxide [ppb]	37.7	0	17.5			53.7	
Nitrogen oxide [ppb]	59.9		20.8			148.2	
Ozone [ppb]	77.8		46.3		13	86.9	
Sigma theta [deg]	45.8		23.6			73.2	
Sulphur dioxide [ppb]	101.1	0	28.9	0		218.5	1
Ambient temperature [deg C]	23.8		14.			24.	
Wind speed [m/s]	12.7		6.7			13.6	
Wind velocity [m/s]	12.5		6.6			13.5	

There was one exceedance of  $SO_2$  10-min average limit of 191ppb, five exceedances of  $PM_{2.5}$  daily limit of 40  $\mu$ g/m³, thirteen exceedances of  $O_3$  8-hourly limit of 61ppb and no exceedances of other national ambient air quality limits recorded for other parameters monitored at Ezamokuhle-1 during the July 2017 monitoring period.

Table 4: Exceedances above the national ambient air quality limits

			PM	l <sub>2.5</sub> daily e	exceedanc	es						
Pollutant	Limit	Year	Month	Day		Conc. (µg/m³)						
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	40	2017	07	01		43.1						
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	40	2017	07	05		42.3						
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	40	2017	07	19	44.9							
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	40	2017	07	23	44.9 40.1							
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	40	2017	07	24		49.3						
			SO <sub>2</sub>	10 minute	exceedar	nces						
Pollutant	Limit	Year	Month	Day	Time	Conc. (ppb)						
SO <sub>2</sub>	191	2017	07	27	17:50	218.50						

#### 5. METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS

Figure 2 shows the daytime and night-time wind roses for the reporting period. The centre of the wind rose depicts the position of the air quality monitoring station. The positions of the spokes in the polar diagram represent directions from which the wind was blowing. The length of the segment indicates the percentage of the time the wind blew from that direction and the speed in the various categories are denoted by colours and width.

The dominant wind directions during the day time were west-south-west, west and west-north-west. During the night, the most frequent directions were west-south-west, west and west-north-west.

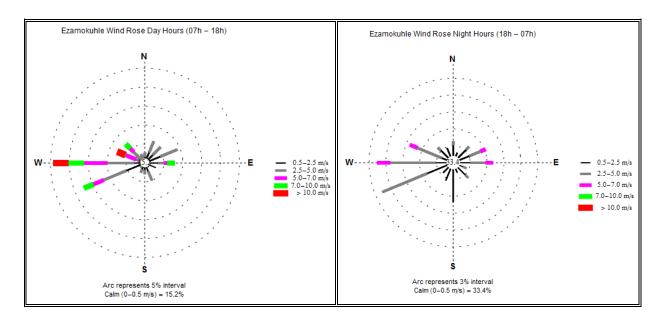


Figure 2: Day and night time wind roses at Ezamokuhle-1 monitoring site

#### **6. DISCUSSION OF POLLUTANTS**

Emissions of primary pollutants such as  $PM_{10}$ ,  $SO_2$ , and  $NO_X$  from typical low level sources such as domestic combustion and motor vehicles are expected to impact at ground level more significantly during the evening and morning hours as a result of temperature inversion. Emissions of such pollutants from tall stacks (power stations and other industries), are expected to have more significant impacts at ground level during the day, due to atmospheric turbulence influences.  $O_3$  and other oxidants are formed in polluted atmospheres as a result of a wide variety of photochemical reactions as a result a gradual increase of  $O_3$  throughout the day is expected, peaking at mid-afternoon and then decaying once more during the night.

#### 6.1. Fine Particulate Matter (PM<sub>10</sub>).

### 6.1.1. Source identification by PM<sub>10</sub> diurnal variations.

Figure 3 shows the diurnal variation of  $PM_{10}$  concentrations. Hourly average  $PM_{10}$  concentrations show increase in concentration from 07:00 in the morning until peaks are reached at 10:00 and 15:00 during the day. The concentrations begin to decrease and remain low for the rest of the afternoon with a major peak observed at 20:00 in the evening. Concentration peaks observed at 10:00 in the morning and 20:00 in the evening are as a result of emissions from low level sources. Concentrations peak recorded at 15:00 during the day could be as a result of emissions from tall stack emitters.

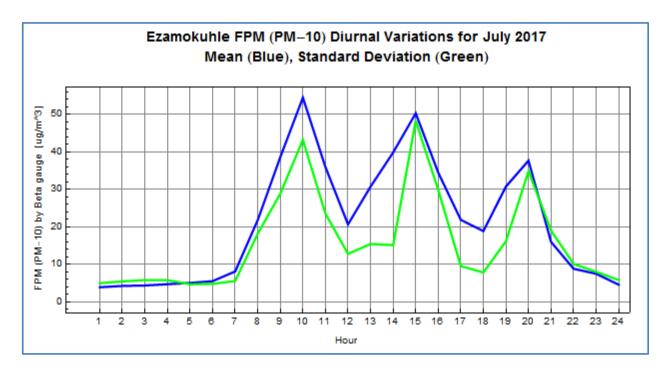


Figure 3: PM<sub>10</sub> Diurnal variations (Mean concentrations = Blue line, Standard Deviation = Green line).

### 6.1.2. PM<sub>10</sub> hourly mean event roses and tables.

Since there is no national hourly limit for PM<sub>10</sub>; the hourly 98<sup>th</sup> percentile daytime and night-time event roses are presented in Figure 4 to identify the wind sectors from which the highest concentrations are derived.

The most dominant hourly mean concentrations during daytime period were recorded from east-north-east, east, south-south-east, west and north-west sectors. Majuba Power Station is located about 13.8 km from south-west to west-south-west of the monitoring site. The most dominant hourly mean concentrations during night time period were recorded from north-north-east, south, south-south-west, west-south-west and west sectors. Major roads and other activities at Ezamokuhle Township around the monitoring site might be impacting on the  $PM_{10}$  ambient concentrations.

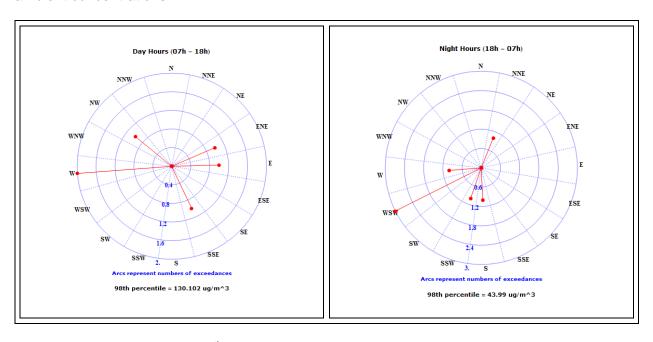


Figure 4: PM<sub>10</sub> hourly mean 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event roses during day and night times

Table 5: PM<sub>10</sub> daytime hourly mean 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event table

Dir.	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW
Eve.	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0
%	0	0	0	16.67	16.67	0	0	16.67	0	0	0	0	33.33	0	16.67	0

Table 6: PM<sub>10</sub> night-time hourly mean 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event table

Dir.	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW
Eve.	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	1	0	0	0
%	0	14.29	0	0	0	0	0	0	14.29	14.29	0	42.86	14.29	0	0	0

### 6.2. Fine Particulate Matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>).

### 6.2.1. Source identification by PM<sub>2.5</sub> diurnal variations

Figure 5 shows the diurnal variation of  $PM_{2.5}$  concentrations with elevated concentrations during the early hours of the morning and the evening hours. The concentrations show a morning peak at 10:00 and a dominant evening peak at 20:00. Elevated concentrations in the mornings and evenings indicate typical contribution by low level sources.

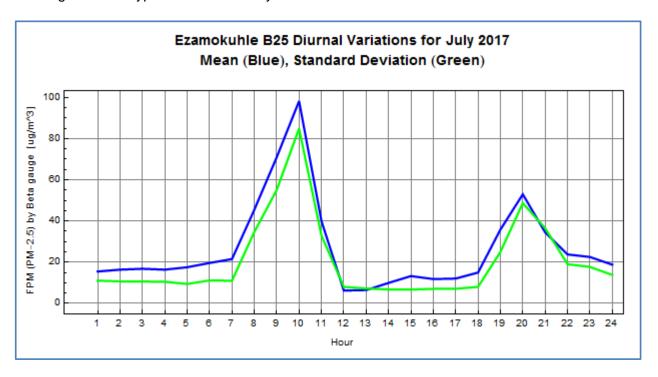


Figure 5: PM<sub>2.5</sub> Diurnal variations (Mean concentrations = Blue line, Standard Deviation = Green line).

### 6.2.2. PM<sub>2.5</sub> hourly mean event roses and tables.

Since there is no national hourly limit for PM<sub>2.5</sub>; the hourly 98<sup>th</sup> percentile daytime and night-time event roses are presented in Figure 6 to identify the wind sectors from which the highest concentrations are derived.

The most dominant hourly mean concentrations during daytime period were recorded from east-north-east, east and west sectors. The most dominant hourly mean concentrations during night time period were north, north-north-east, south-east and south-south-west, west-south-west and west-north-west sectors.

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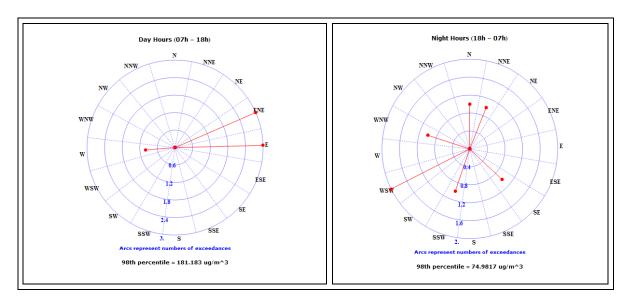


Figure 6: PM<sub>2.5</sub> hourly mean 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event roses during day and night times

Table 7: PM<sub>2.5</sub> daytime hourly mean 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event table

Dir.	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW
Eve.	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
%	0	0	0	42.86	42.86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14.29	0	0	0

Table 8: PM<sub>2.5</sub> night-time hourly mean 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event table

Dir.	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW
Eve.	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0
%	14.29	14.29	0	0	0	0	14.29	0	0	14.29	0	28.57	0	14.29	0	0

# 6.2. Sulphur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)

### 6.2.1. Source identification by SO<sub>2</sub> diurnal variations.

The  $SO_2$  hourly mean diurnal variation is presented in Figure 7. The diurnal variation shows an increase in  $SO_2$  concentrations during the daytime hours with minor peaks observed in the morning and maximum peak at 20:00. This diurnal variation indicates emissions from tall stack sources that probably have influence on the ambient concentrations observed throughout the day.

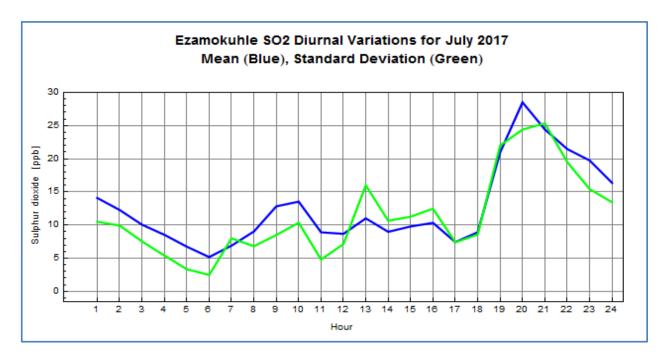


Figure 7: SO<sub>2</sub> diurnal variations (.Mean concentrations = Blue line, Standard Deviation = Green line).

6.2.2. SO<sub>2</sub> hourly mean event roses and tables.

The 98<sup>th</sup> percentile daytime and night-time event roses are presented in Figure 8 to identify the wind sectors from which the highest concentrations are derived.

The most dominant daytime concentrations above 46.08ppb (98<sup>th</sup> percentile value) were from east, south, west, west-north-west and north-west sectors (Table 9). The most dominant night-time concentrations above 65.76ppb (98<sup>th</sup> percentile value) were from south, south-south-west and west-south-west sectors (Table 10). The vehicles operating within the school nearby monitoring station might have an impact on the NO<sub>2</sub> ambient concentrations.

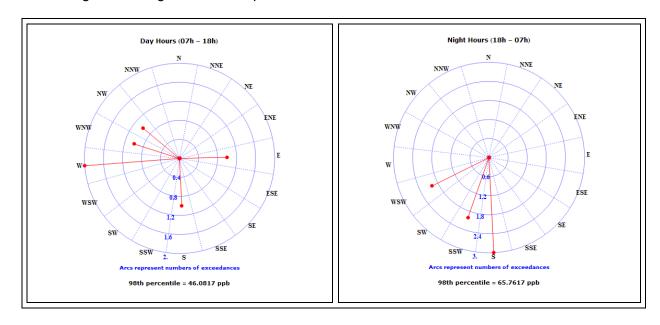


Figure 8: SO<sub>2</sub> exceedance roses for daytime and night time.

Table 9: SO<sub>2</sub> day-time hourly mean exceedance table

Dir.	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW
Eve.	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0
%	0	0	0	0	16.67	0	0	0	16.67	0	0	0	33.33	16.67	16.67	0

Table 10: SO<sub>2</sub> night-time hourly mean 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event table

Dir.	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW
Eve.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42.86	28.57	0	28.57	0	0	0	0

# 6.3. Nitrogen Dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>)

# 6.3.1 Source identification by NO<sub>2</sub> variations

The  $NO_2$  hourly mean diurnal variation show increasing  $NO_2$  concentrations from the morning hours, with slightly elevated concentrations during the day. The concentrations show elevated concentration during the day and evening peak at 20:00. This indicates the influence of both tall stack emitters and low level sources on the ambient concentrations at site.

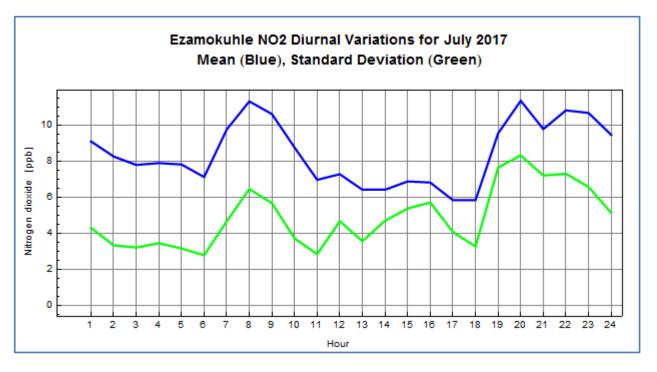
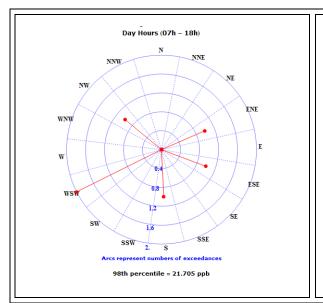


Figure 9: NO<sub>2</sub> diurnal variations (.Mean concentrations = Blue line, Standard Deviation = Green line)

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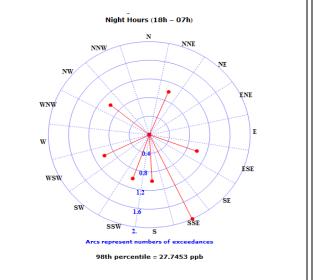


Figure 10: NO<sub>2</sub> hourly mean sector 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event roses

### 6.3.2 NO<sub>2</sub> hourly mean event roses and tables

The 98<sup>th</sup> percentile daytime and night-time event roses are presented in Figure 10 to identify the wind sectors from which the highest concentrations are derived.

The most dominant daytime concentrations above 21.705ppb ( $98^{th}$  percentile value) were from east-north-east, east-south-east, south, west-south-west and north-west sectors (Table 11). The most dominant night-time concentrations above 27.74ppb ( $98^{th}$  percentile value) were from north-north-east, east-south-east, south-south-east, south, south-south-west, west-south-west and north-west sectors (Table 12). The vehicles operating within the school nearby monitoring station might have an impact on the  $NO_2$  ambient concentrations.

Table 11: NO<sub>2</sub> day-time hourly mean 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event table

Dir.	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW
Eve.	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
%	0	0	0	16.67	0	16.67	0	0	16.67	0	0	33.33	0	0	16.67	0

Table 12: NO<sub>2</sub> night-time hourly mean 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event table

Dir.	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW
Eve.	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
%	0	25	0	0	0	25	0	25	25	25	0	25	0	0	25	0

# 6.4. OZONE (O<sub>3</sub>)

Figure 11 shows the  $O_3$  hourly mean diurnal variation with increase in ozone concentrations occurring from 08:00 and maximum peak recorded at 17:00 in the afternoon. The increase in concentrations in the morning can be associated with the formation of  $NO_2$  and the photochemical reaction in the presence of sunlight during the day. Event roses shown in figure 12 indicate sectors from which  $O_3$  hourly mean concentrations above  $98^{th}$  percentile value during day and night were coming from and Figure 13 shows the 8-hour moving average of ozone concentrations recorded during the month.

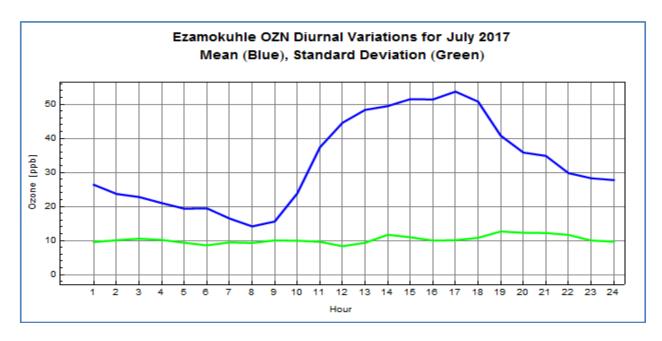


Figure 11: O<sub>3</sub> diurnal variations (.Mean concentrations = Blue line, Standard Deviation = Green line)

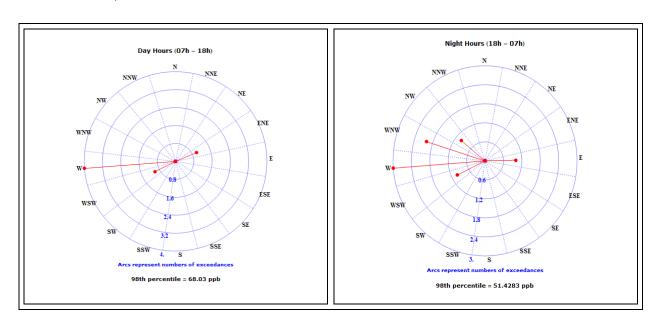


Figure 12: O<sub>3</sub> hourly mean sector 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event roses

Table 13: O<sub>3</sub> day-time hourly mean 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event table

Dir.	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW
Eve.	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	0
%	0	0	0	16.67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16.67	66.67	0	0	0

Table 14: O<sub>3</sub> night-time hourly mean 98<sup>th</sup> percentile event table

Dir.	Ν	NNE	NE	ENE	Е	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	WNW	NW	NNW
Eve.	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	1	0
%	0	0	0	0	12.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	12.5	37.5	25	12.5	0

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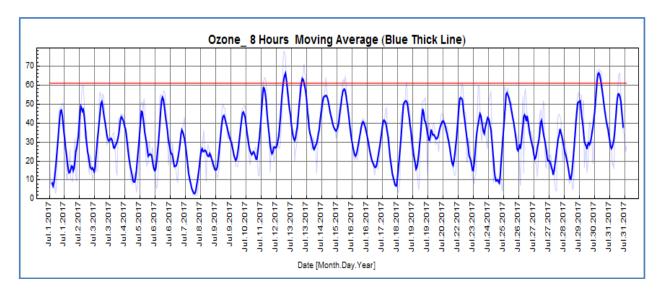


Figure 13: O<sub>3</sub> 8 Hours Moving Average (Blue Thick Line)

#### 7. HISTORICAL MONTHLY CONCENTRATIONS

#### 7.1. RECENT TRENDS

Time series graphs for each pollutant with respect to the National Ambient Air Quality Standards are represented from the beginning of the previous year until the end of the current reporting period or since inception of the monitors.

Ozone concentrations show increase levels during spring period and lower levels during winter. The  $SO_2$  concentrations indicate lower concentrations at Ezamokuhle-1 since inception and  $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$  show increased levels and exceedances during winter periods (July) and lower concentrations during summer and spring. The  $NO_2$  concentrations did not exceed the national ambient standard since July 2016, but they do show elevated concentrations during the winter period over the past six months.

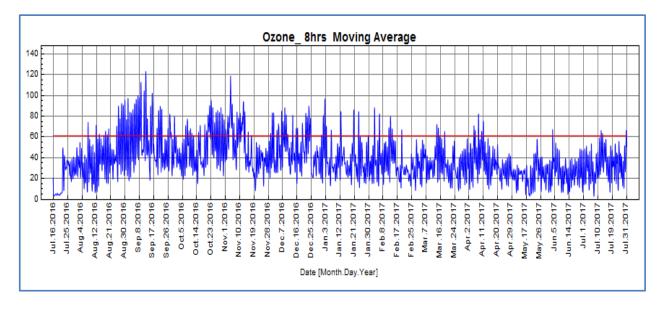


Figure 14: Historical ozone 8 hours moving average from July 2016 to July 2017

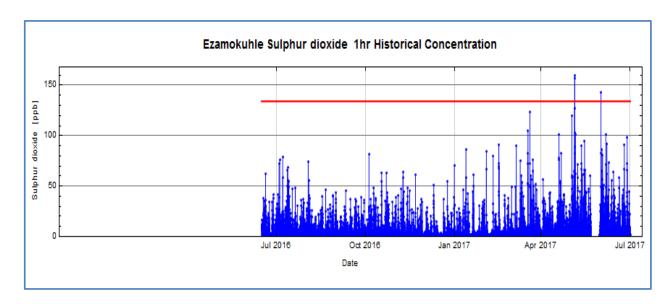


Figure 15: Time series graph for SO<sub>2</sub> hourly data from July 2016 to July 2017

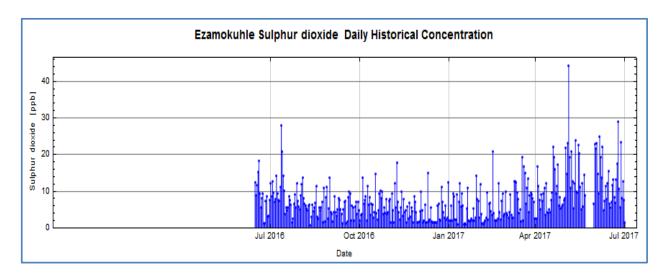


Figure 16: Time series graph for SO<sub>2</sub> daily data from July 2016 to July 2017

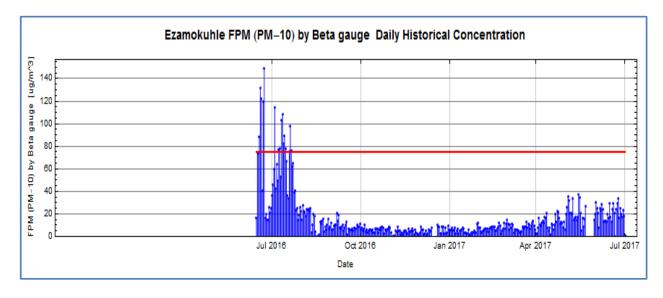


Figure 17: Time series graph for PM<sub>10</sub> daily data from July 2016 to July 2017

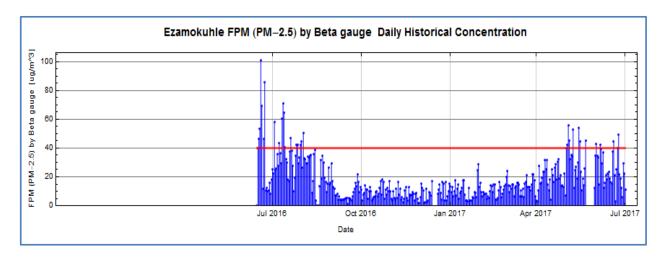


Figure 18: Time series graph for PM<sub>2.5</sub> daily data from July 2016 to July 2017

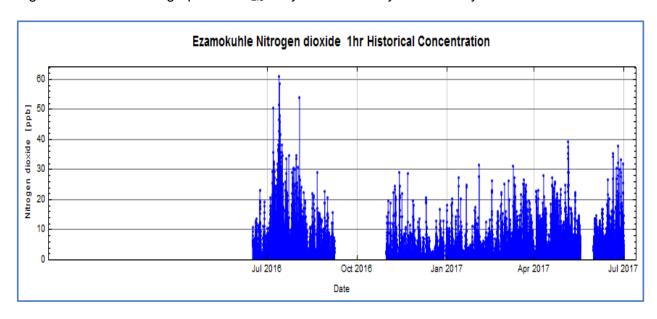


Figure 19: Time series graph for NO<sub>2</sub> hourly data from July 2016 to July 2017

# 7.2. MONTHLY MEANS FOR THE CURRENT CALENDER YEAR 2017

Table 13: Monthly means for all parameters measured for the current calendar year 2017

Parameter measured	Jan.	Feb.	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
<b>PM<sub>2.5</sub></b> (μg/m <sup>3</sup> )	9.6	9.4	11.3	12.9	20.2	31.6	26.1
<b>PM</b> <sub>10</sub> (μg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5.5	4.8	7.4	7.9	12.3	21.3	20.7
NO <sub>2</sub> (ppb)	3.1	3.6	4.2	6.2	7.2	9.1	8.5
<b>O</b> <sub>3</sub> (ppb)	37.1	34.9	33.2	34	23.1	26.4	32.8
SO <sub>2</sub> (ppb)	4.3	4.9	5.3	7.7	9.4	15.6	12.8

Table 14: Number of exceedances of the National Air Quality Limits

	SO <sub>2</sub> hourly	SO <sub>2</sub> daily	SO <sub>2</sub> 10 Min	NO <sub>2</sub> hourly	PM <sub>10</sub> daily	PM <sub>2.5</sub> daily	O <sub>3</sub> 8- Hourly
Jan 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	61
Feb 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	41
Mar 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
Apr 2017	0	0	1	0	0	0	32
May 2017	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
June 2017	3	0	3	0	0	7	3
July	0	0	1	0	0	5	13
Total	3	0	6	0	0	12	165
Allowed no of exceedances	88	4	526	88	4	4	11

Ozone and PM<sub>2.5</sub> have already exceeded their allowed number of exceedances per year.

#### 8. CONCLUSIONS

Good representative percentage data was recovered for most of the parameters monitored during the monitoring period under review at the site.

There was one exceedance of SO<sub>2</sub> 10-min average limit of 191ppb, five exceedances of PM<sub>2.5</sub> daily limit of 40 µg/m<sup>3</sup>, thirteen exceedances of O<sub>3</sub> 8-hourly limit of 61ppb and no exceedances of other national ambient air quality limits recorded for other parameters monitored at Ezamokuhle-1 during the July 2017 monitoring period. There is already non-compliance with the PM<sub>2.5</sub> and 8-hourly ozone ambient standard at this site for 2017.

Report compiled by: Kgancho Komane

RT&D

Reviewed by: Bontle Monametsi

Air Quality, Climate Change & Ecosystem Management

RT&D

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# 9. ABBREVIATIONS

deg C         Degree Celsius           E         East           ENE         East-routh-east           ESE         East-south-east           FPM         Fine particulate matter           HUM         Humidity           m/s         Meters per second           MWP         Megawatt Park           N         North           NE         North-east           NNE         North-east           NNW         North-north-west           NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NO3         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PMto         Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter           PMto         Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           PpMs         Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           ppb         Partis per million           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-south-west           SW         South-south-west           SW         South-south-west           SW         South-south-west	DEA	Department of Environmental Affairs
deg C         Degree Celsius           E         East           ENE         East-north-east           ESE         Est-south-east matter           HUM         Humidity           m/s         Meters per second           MWP         Megawat Park           N         North-           NE         North-north-east           NNE         North-north-east           NNI         North-north-west           NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NW         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PMro         Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter		
E         East           ENE         East-north-east           ESE         East-south-east           FPM         Fine particulate matter           HUM         Humidity           m/s         Meters per second           MWP         Megwatt Park           N         North-north-east           NE         North-north-east           NNE         North-north-west           NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           NW         North-west           NO3         Oxone           PM <sub>10</sub> Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter           PM <sub>25</sub> Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           PM <sub>25</sub> Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           Ppp         Parts per million           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South           SANA         South-south-east           SSE         South-south-east           SSE         South-south-east           SSW         South-south-west <td></td> <td></td>		
ENE         East-north-east           ESE         East-south-east           FPM         Fine particulate matter           HUM         Humidity           m/S         Meters per second           MWP         Megawatt Park           N         North           NE         North-north-east           NNE         North-north-west           NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PMrio         Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter		
ESE         East-south-east           FPM         Fine particulate matter           HUM         Humidity           m/s         Meters per second           MWP         Megawatt Park           N         North           N         North-nost           NNE         North-north-west           NNW         North-north-west           NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitric gen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PMin         Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter		
FPM         Fine particulate matter           HUM         Humidity           m/s         Meters per second           MWP         Megawatt Park           N         North           NE         North-east           NNE         North-north-east           NNW         North-north-west           NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PMt <sub>0</sub> Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter           PM <sub>2</sub> s         Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           ppb         Parts per billion           ppm         Parts per billion           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-seat           SSE         South-south-east           SSE         South-south-west           SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m^3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North		
HUM         Humidity           m/s         Meters per second           MWP         Megawatt Park           N         North           NE         North-north-east           NNE         North-north-west           NNW         North-north-west           NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           Oa         Ozone           PMro         Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter		
m/s         Meters per second           MWP         Megawatt Park           N         North           NE         North-east           NNE         North-north-east           NNW         North-north-west           NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           Q3         Ozone           PM <sub>10</sub> Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter           PM <sub>25</sub> Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           Ppb         Parts per billion           ppm         Parts per million           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-east           SE         South-east           SSE         South-east           SSW         South-south-west           SW         South-south-west           SW         South-south-west           WM         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed		
MWP         Megawatt Park           N         North           NE         North-east           NNE         North-north-east           NNW         North-north-west           NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PMi0         Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter           PMi2s         Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           PM2s         Parts per billion           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-east           SE         South-east           SSE         South-south-west           SSE         South-south-west           SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m^3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNN         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW		
N         North           NE         North-east           NNE         North-north-east           NNW         North-north-west           NOU         Nitric oxide           NOZ         Nitrogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PM <sub>10</sub> Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter           PM <sub>20</sub> Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           PM <sub>20</sub> Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           ppb         Parts per billion           ppm         Parts per million           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-east           SSE         South-south-west           SSE         South-south-west           SW         South-south-west           SW         South-south-west           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSW         Wind speed		
NE         North-east           NNE         North-north-east           NNW         North-north-west           NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitricogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PMt0         Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter           PM2.5         Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           Ppb         Parts per billion           ppm         Parts per million           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-east           SSE         South-south-east           SSE         South-south-west           SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m²3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west		
NNE         North-north-east           NNW         North-north-west           NO1         Nitrogen dioxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PMt0         Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter           PM2.5         Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           ppb         Parts per billion           ppm         Parts per million           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-east           SGT         Sigma theta           SSE         South-south-east           SSW         South-south-west           SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m²3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west		
NNW         North-north-west           NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PMt0         Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter           PM25         Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           ppb         Parts per billion           ppm         Parts per million           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-east           SGT         Sigma theta           SSE         South-south-east           SSW         South-south-west           SW         South-south-west           SW         South-south west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m/3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW		
NO1         Nitric oxide           NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PM <sub>10</sub> Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter           PM <sub>2.5</sub> Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           ppb         Parts per billion           ppm         Parts per million           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-east           SGT         Sigma theta           SSE         South-south-east           SSW         South-south-west           SW         South-south-west           SW         South-south-west           MICrogram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	NNE	North-north-east
NO2         Nitrogen dioxide           NOX         Oxides of nitrogen           NW         North-west           O3         Ozone           PM10         Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter           PM2.5         Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter           ppb         Parts per billion           ppm         Parts per million           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-east           SGT         Sigma theta           SSE         South-south-east           SW         South-south-west           SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m^3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	NNW	North-north-west
NOX Oxides of nitrogen  NW North-west O3 Ozone  PM10 Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter  PM2.5 Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter  ppb Parts per billion  ppm Parts per million  S South  SANAS South African National Accreditation System  SE South-east  SGT Sigma theta  SSE South-south-east  SSW South-south-west  TMP Ambient temperature  ug/m^3 Microgram per cubic meter  W West WDR Wind direction from true North  WNW West-north-west  WSP Wind speed  WSW West-south-west  WSP Wind speed  WSW West-south-west	NO1	Nitric oxide
NW         North-west           O <sub>3</sub> Ozone           PM <sub>10</sub> Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter	NO2	Nitrogen dioxide
O3       Ozone         PM10       Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter         PM25       Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter         ppb       Parts per billion         ppm       Parts per million         S       South         SANAS       South African National Accreditation System         SE       South-east         SGT       Sigma theta         SSE       South-south-east         SW       South-south-west         SW       South-west         TMP       Ambient temperature         ug/m^3       Microgram per cubic meter         W       West         WDR       Wind direction from true North         WNW       West-north-west         WSP       Wind speed         WSW       West-south-west	NOX	Oxides of nitrogen
PM10       Particulate matter < 10 microns in diameter         PM2.5       Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter         ppb       Parts per billion         ppm       Parts per million         S       South         SANAS       South African National Accreditation System         SE       South-east         SGT       Sigma theta         SSE       South-south-east         SW       South-south-west         SW       South-south-west         TMP       Ambient temperature         ug/m^3       Microgram per cubic meter         W       West         WDR       Wind direction from true North         WNW       West-north-west         WSP       Wind speed         WSW       West-south-west	NW	North-west
PM2.5     Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter       ppb     Parts per billion       ppm     Parts per million       S     South       SANAS     South African National Accreditation System       SE     South-east       SGT     Sigma theta       SSE     South-south-east       SW     South-south-west       SW     South-west       TMP     Ambient temperature       ug/m^3     Microgram per cubic meter       W     West       WDR     Wind direction from true North       WNW     West-north-west       WSP     Wind speed       WSW     West-south-west	O <sub>3</sub>	Ozone
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ppm         Parts per million           S         South           SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-east           SGT         Sigma theta           SSE         South-south-east           SW         South-south-west           SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m^3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	Particulate matter < 2.5 microns in diameter
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SANAS         South African National Accreditation System           SE         South-east           SGT         Sigma theta           SSE         South-south-east           SW         South-south-west           SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m^3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	ppm	Parts per million
SE         South-east           SGT         Sigma theta           SSE         South-south-east           SW         South-west           SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m^3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	S	South
SGT         Sigma theta           SSE         South-south-east           SW         South-south-west           SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m^3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	SANAS	South African National Accreditation System
SSE         South-south-east           SSW         South-south-west           SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m^3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	SE	South-east
SSW         South-south-west           SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m^3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	SGT	Sigma theta
SW         South-west           TMP         Ambient temperature           ug/m^3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	SSE	South-south-east
TMP Ambient temperature  ug/m^3 Microgram per cubic meter  W West  WDR Wind direction from true North  WNW West-north-west  WSP Wind speed  WSW West-south-west	SSW	South-south-west
ug/m^3         Microgram per cubic meter           W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	SW	South-west
W         West           WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	TMP	Ambient temperature
WDR         Wind direction from true North           WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	ug/m^3	Microgram per cubic meter
WNW         West-north-west           WSP         Wind speed           WSW         West-south-west	W	West
WSP Wind speed WSW West-south-west	WDR	Wind direction from true North
WSP Wind speed WSW West-south-west	WNW	West-north-west
WSW West-south-west	WSP	
	WVL	Wind velocity

# **10. DISTRIBUTION LIST**

Air Quality Centre of Excellence Eskom Environmental Management **MWP** 

Attention: K Langerman Attention: O Makhalemele

Projects file RT&D

K. Komane

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